(5) (Ends ivallda, Mead, Plate XXVII, Fig. 9, $ (Mead's
Arctic).

Butterfly.— This species is easily distinguished from all others by the peculiar pale ashen-brown of the upper side of the wings. It is not a common species, and is apparently restricted to the mountains of Nevada, principally about Lake Tahoe, though it probably occurs elsewhere. Expanse, 1.90-2.10 inches.

Early Stages. — Unknown.

(6) CEneis varuna, Edwards, Plate XXVII, Fig. 8, $ (The Varuna Butterfly).

Butterfly.—This species is much smaller than any of those which have thus far been mentioned. It is found in the prairie lands of Montana, North Dakota, and the parts of Canada adjacent. It is not uncommon about Calgary. It is light in color on the upper side of the wings, and on the under side it is mottled with brown, strongly marked with blackish blotches or shades. Expanse, 1.50-1.60 inch..

Early Stages.—These await description.

(7) CEneis uhleri, Reakirt, Plate XXVII, Fig. u, $ (Uhler's Arctic).

Butterfly.—This species is found in Colorado. It is redder on the upper side than *varuna,* and the females are generally very richly ornamented with eye-spots on the outer borders of both the fore and hind wings. Expanse, 1.45-1.55 inch.

Early Stages.—These have been most thoroughly described and beautifully delineated by Edwards.

(8) CEneis jutta, Habner, Plate XXVII, Fig. 5, ? (The Nova Scotian).

Butterfly.— This beautiful species, which is also found in Europe, is not uncommon in the State of Maine as far south as Bangor, and occurs also in Nova Scotia, and ranges thence west-ward to Ottawa and the Hudson Bay country. It is one of the more conspicuous species of the genus, the eye-like spots upon the wings having a very striking appearance.

Expanse, 1.80-2.10 inches.

Early Stages.—For a thorough knowledge of these the reader may consult the pages of Scudder and Edwards.

(9) CEneis semidea, Say, Plate XXVII, Fig. u, 3 ; Plate III, Figs, i, 2, 4, 7, 15, *larva;* Plate IV, Figs. 4, 5, *chrysalis* (The White Mountain Butterfly).